

Building Wealth with Homeownership

Closing Racial & Ethnic Opportunity Gaps

Recognize Fair Housing Month, explore data trends in BIPOC homeownership, and discuss local plans and strategies for expanding wealth-building opportunities among San Antonians.











Building Wealth with Homeownership: Closing Racial & Ethnic Opportunity Gaps

Monday, April 25, 2022, 11:30 am - 1:00 pm

Leilah Powell, LISC San Antonio
Introductions and Fair Housing Month Recognition

Barbara Ankamah Burford, Wells Fargo WORTH Planning Grant

Patricia Mejia, San Antonio Area Foundation
Wealth Building Strategies and Reframing Housing

Mark Carmona, Chief Housing Officer, City of San Antonio Strategic Housing Implementation Plan

John Laycock, researcher
BIPOC Homeownership Data and Trends

Leilah Powell, LISC San Antonio
BIPOC Homeownership Recommendations



Leilah Powell Executive Director LISC San Antonio

- -Introductions
- -Fair Housing Month Recognition



Fair Housing



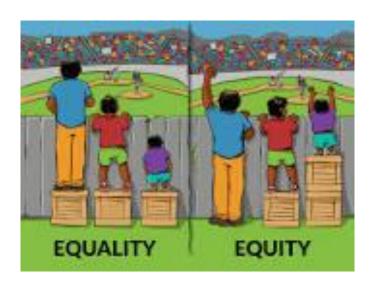
- President Lyndon Johnson signed the Civil Rights Act of 1968 on April 11, 1968
- Title VIII of the Act is also known as the Fair Housing Act
- Prohibits discrimination concerning the sale, rental, and financing of housing based on race, religion, national origin, sex (amended to include handicap and family status)
- Covers housing rental and sales, mortgage lending, eviction, harassment, "blockbusting"



Equitable Housing

Equality: each individual or group of people is given the same resources or opportunities.

Equity: each person has different circumstances and needs different resources and opportunities to reach an equal outcome.





Barbara Ankamah Burford Vice President, Social Impact & Sustainability Wells Fargo

- **–WORTH Planning Grant**
- -Implementation Opportunity



Patricia Mejia

Vice President, Community Engagement & Impact

San Antonio Area Foundation

- -Wealth Building Strategies
- -Reframing Housing





San Antonio Area Foundation

Where Giving and Community Connect

Positioning ourselves to close opportunity gaps

Strategic Planning

Mission - The San Antonio Area Foundation serves as your most trusted and impactful philanthropic partner.

Vision - To close the opportunity gap for the people in San Antonio who need it most.

Six Conditions of Systems Change Structural Resource **Policies Practices** Change Flows (explicit) **Definitions Relationships & Power** (semi-explicit) Connections **Dynamics** Policies Government, institutional and organizational rules, regulations, and priorities that guide the entity's own and others' actions. Practices Espoused activities of institutions, coalitions, networks, Mental and other entities targeted to improving social and **Transformative Change** environmental progress. Also, within the entity, the procedures, **Models** guidelines, or informal shared habits that comprise their work. (implicit) Resource Flows How money, people, knowledge, information, and other assets such as infrastructure are allocated and distributed. **Relationships & Connections** Quality of connections and communication occurring amongactors in the system, especially among those with differing histories and viewpoints.

Power Dynamics

The distribution of decision-making power, authority, and both formal and informal influence among individuals and organizations.

Mental Models

Habits of thought—deeply held beliefs and assumptions and taken-for-granted ways of operating that influence how we think, what we do, and how we talk.

John Kania, Mark Kramer, and Peter Senge. "The Waters of Systems Change." FSG, June 2018. https://www.fsg.org/publications/water_of_systems_change

Structural Change via Research

• State of the African American Community In San Antonio and Bexar County (Feb. 2021)



State of Aging (May 2021)



 Assessing the Impacts of the Pandemic on the Latino Racial Wealth Gap (December 2022)



Procurement Playbook (July 2022)



Relational Change via Convening

SALSA – Successful Aging and Living in San Antonio (ongoing)

 Leading to Change: Building Equity in community by supporting Emerging BIPOC & Women CDC Leaders 2021/2023

• Transfer on Death Deed (TODD) Clinic (May 2022)

Transformational Change via Mental Models

- Opportunity to live into moment shifting the way we think and talk about critical issues
 - Partnering Frameworks Institute
 - Using strategic frame analysis allowed for research-based recommendations
 - ➤ Started with Successful Aging 2021
 - > Beginning conversations reframe affordable housing

Six Conditions of Systems Change Structural Resource **Policies Practices** Change Flows (explicit) **Definitions Relationships & Power** (semi-explicit) Connections **Dynamics** Policies Government, institutional and organizational rules, regulations, and priorities that guide the entity's own and others' actions. Practices Espoused activities of institutions, coalitions, networks, Mental and other entities targeted to improving social and **Transformative Change** environmental progress. Also, within the entity, the procedures, **Models** guidelines, or informal shared habits that comprise their work. (implicit) Resource Flows How money, people, knowledge, information, and other assets such as infrastructure are allocated and distributed. **Relationships & Connections** Quality of connections and communication occurring amongactors in the system, especially among those with differing histories and viewpoints.

Power Dynamics

The distribution of decision-making power, authority, and both formal and informal influence among individuals and organizations.

Mental Models

Habits of thought—deeply held beliefs and assumptions and taken-for-granted ways of operating that influence how we think, what we do, and how we talk.

John Kania, Mark Kramer, and Peter Senge. "The Waters of Systems Change." FSG, June 2018. https://www.fsg.org/publications/water_of_systems_change

Mark Carmona Chief Housing Officer City of San Antonio

- -Strategic Housing Implementation Plan
- -SHIP Homeownership Strategies







BIPOC Homeownership & The Strategic Housing Implementation Plan













What is the SHIP?

A shared vision to stabilize households most at risk for housing instability through:

- A new definition of affordability
- New production & preservation targets focused on households with the lowest incomes
- A 10-year funding outlook
- 36 strategies sourced from many different plans & initiatives

Our Community



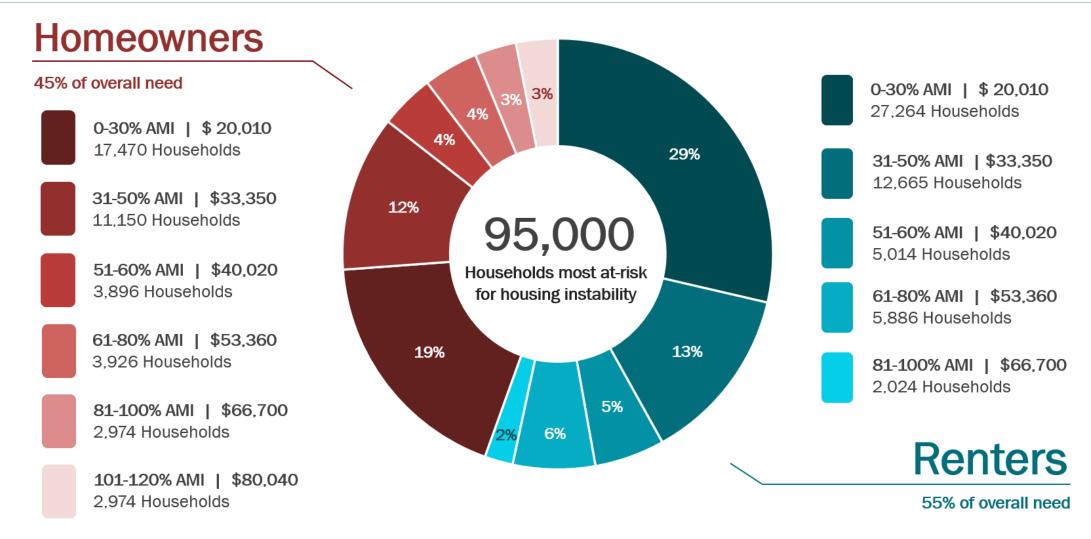
Over 80 people drafted the SHIP, including:

- Community leaders & people with lived experience of housing instability
- Housing Commissioners
- Community-based non-profit organizations
- Housing developers
- Homelessness Service providers
- And more!



Households most at-risk by Area Median Income (AMI)





New Affordable Production & Preservation Targets FY 22-31



Greater focus on households with the lowest incomes and preservation

	HOMEOWNERSHIP		RENTAL	
Household AMI	Production	Preservation	Production	Preservation
0-30% AMI	0	5,786	6,897*	909
31-50% AMI	0	3,200	2,653	1,137
51-60% AMI	0	1,000	1,061	455
61-80% AMI	650	500	0**	2,046
81-100% AMI	650	250	0	0
101-120% AMI	650	250	0	0
Sub Totals	1,950	10,986	10,611	4,547
	12,936		15,158	
Grand Total	28,094			

- Includes 1,000 units of Permanent Supportive Housing
- ** Production at 61-80% AMI will be tracked for informational purposes, but not counted towards the City's targets

Increase City Investment in Housing: Strategy 3









Associated Plans:

Opportunity at Risk ForEveryoneHome HUD Consolidated Plan

Possible Funding Sources:

Affordable Housing Fund, Bond Program, HOME/ CDBG

Lead Partners: NHSD, DSD, OHP

Target AMI: Up to 120%

Preserve single-family housing through expanding funding for preservation and rehabilitation programs

Goal: Prevent displacement and stabilize neighborhoods by investing in single-family home preservation programs.

The City and our partners should establish funds focused on preserving existing affordable single-family homes to prevent or mitigate issues with code compliance, demolition orders, or to meet accessibility standards. The fund could receive monies from higher demolition permit fees or a fee in lieu program, fines for non-compliance with vacant building requirements, special purpose grants from HUD, philanthropy, or fees for services.

A Home Repair Revolving Loan Fund for older, affordable housing could be used to acquire, stabilize, and resell or rent vacant property as affordable housing. Recapitalized funds and returns from low-interest rates can be used to help more households. This strategy could also include other incentives to would promote the preservation of existing affordable homes.

Increase City Investment in Housing: Strategy 5









Establish a land banking program to acquire land for future affordable housing projects

Associated Plans:

SA Tomorrow ForEveryoneHome Keep SA Moving

Possible Funding Sources:

Bond Program, HUD Financing programs

Lead Partner: SAHT, OHP

Goal: Preserve more land for affordable housing near community assets and the reduction of development costs to create deeper levels of affordability.

This strategy will involve both establishing a land banking program and exploring ways to prioritize locations and land sources. It is recommended that the programs prioritize acquiring land in difficult development areas as defined by HUD, HUD qualified census tracts, and along transit corridors.

Increase City Investment in Housing: Strategy 7





Associated Plans:

ForEveryoneHome Housing Policy Framework

Possible Funding Sources:

Bond, SAHT, LISC, Private Mortgage Lenders

Lead Partners: NHSD, SAHT

Target AMI: Up to 120% AMI for ownership

Establish a Community Land Trust

Goal: Establish a new non-profit or empower an existing organization to launch and operate a Community Land Trust.

Community Land Trusts (CLTs) are organizational structures which facilitate collective ownership of the land and permanently restrict its resale value-ensuring lasting affordability for the homeowners who are part of the trust.

Establishing a community land trust will require either the creation of a new non-profit, or at least one existing non-profit to expand their mission. The City and our partners can support this model through operating funds, access to vacant land, advocating for appropriate appraisal methods, and connecting with down-payment assistance recipients.

Protect & Promote Neighborhoods: Strategy 2





Associated Plans:

ForEveryoneHome Opportunity at Risk SA Poverty Report SA Tomorrow SA Climate Ready

Possible Funding Sources:

ARP, HOME, CDBG, Bond, Philanthropy

Lead Partners: NHSD, OHP

Support homeownership for families of modest means by improving relationships with code compliance and increasing funds for owner-occupied repair programs

Goal: Stabilize residents and preserve homes by increasing repair funds related to code enforcement programs

This strategy is to identify new sources of funding for home repair and link those resources specifically to code enforcement activity much sooner than demolition orders.

The focus of this strategy is to keep homes safe, healthy, and in the hands of community.

Develop a Coordinated Housing System: Strategy 6







Expand land title remediation programs

Associated Plans:

Housing Policy Framework ForEveryoneHome

Possible Funding
Sources: TBD

Lead Partners: NHSD

Target AMI: Up to 80% AMI

Goal: Increase the overall number of clear-title homes in San Antonio

Homeowners who do not have clear title struggle to access services like repair programs or financial products to maintain their housing. The City currently operates a title remediation program in partnership with UTSA which could be expanded to include proactive outreach, leverage pro bono attorney efforts, and increase access to related services such as wills and transfer on death deeds.

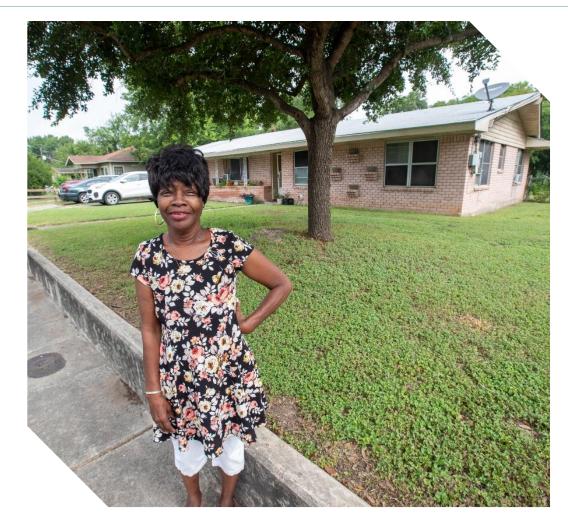
Ways to engage



Help develop a strategy:

Sign up today & staff will reach out when policy development begins

https://saspeakup.com/hub/Subscriptions/2641?topicId=33848



John Laycock Researcher

- Market Information
- BIPOC Homeownership



State of the Market

- 30,000 homes sold in Bexar County
- Median home price increased 14% in Bexar County to \$312,000
- Less than 2 months of inventory

KEY FIGURE

\$39,000

Increase in Median Home Sale Price in San Antonio from 2020 to 2021

Bexar County Home Sales and Average Price

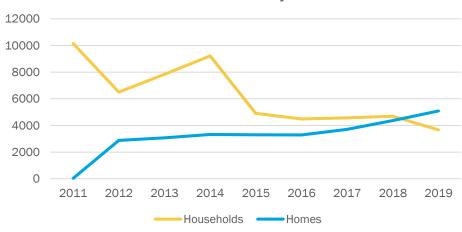




Supply and Demand

- In the 2010s, the region added households faster than it could add homes to keep up.
- Great recession cratered home building but NOT Household Growth
- From 2011 to 2019 Bexar County added 6,244 new households per year, while issuing only 3,493 single family home permits
- Labor shortages, supply chain issues, make it harder to increase production
- Zoning inhibits supply, forces least affordable options

Additional Households vs. New Home Permits, Bexar County



KEY FIGURE

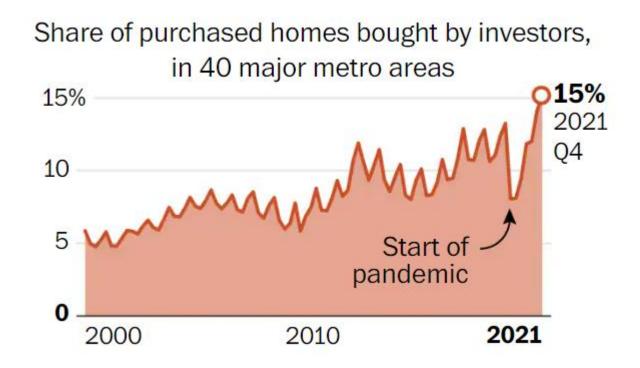
28,192

More new households than SF homes in Bexar and Guadalupe Counties Combined



Investor Purchases

- Investors, both small and institutional, have entered the single-family market at unprecedented rates
- In 2021, 15% of homes sold nationwide were to investors
 - 30% in BIPOC neighborhoods
 - More than 50% in some zip codes in Atlanta
- In parts of Central San Antonio 1 in 6 homes are owned by LLCs
- Increases prices overall
- Cash offers outbid even well-qualified buyers





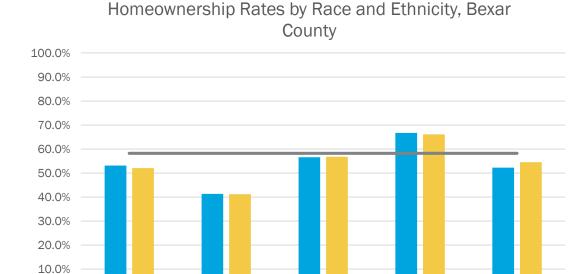
State of BIPOC Homeownership

KEY FIGURE

25%

Homeownership Gap Between White and Black Households in Bexar County

- Non-Hispanic Whites are substantially more likely than BIPOC households to own their own homes.
- Homeownership is declining; rates are down 1-2% for most race/ethnicity categories
- Age of Householders: 78.1% of households over 65 own a home vs 40% of households under 44, a larger gap than the race gap.



Hispanic

2019 ——Average (58%)

White (non-Hisp.)

Other

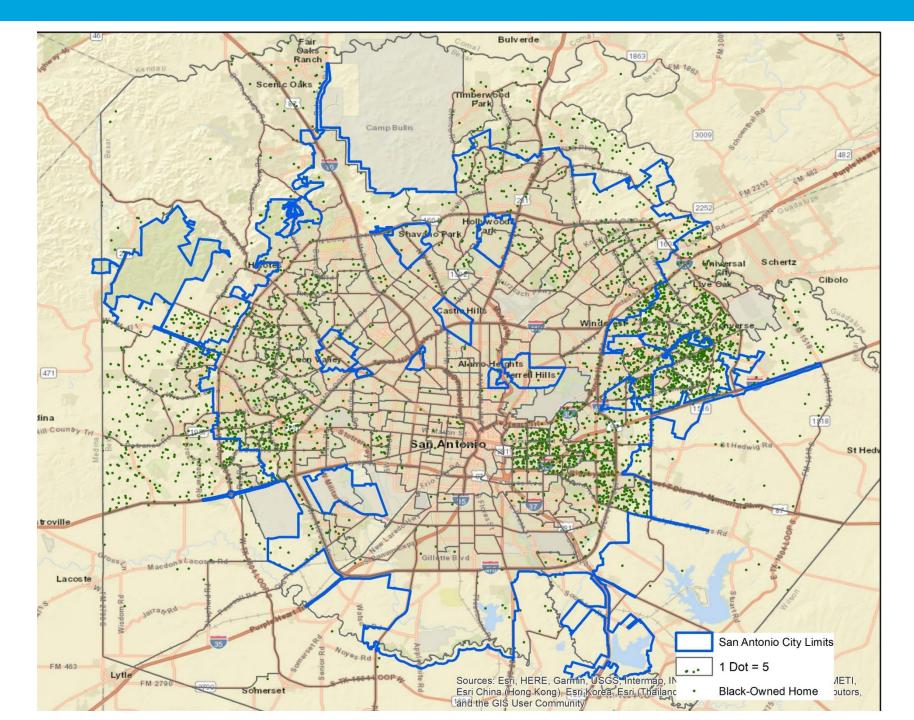
Black

0.0%

Asian



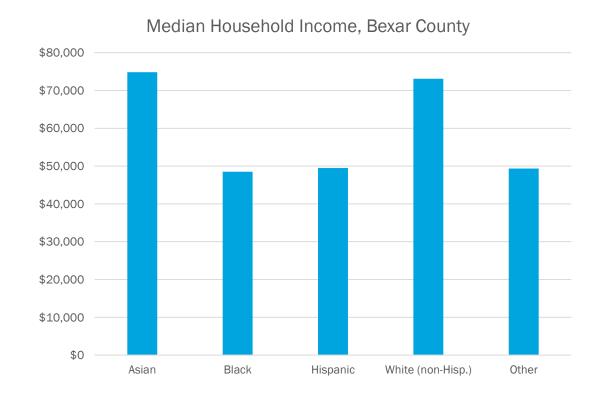
Distribution of BIPOC Homeowners in Bexar County





BIPOC Households and Finances

- BIPOC Households have lower incomes than Non-Hispanic White Households
 - \$73-74,000 for White and Asian households
 - \$48,000-\$50,000 for Black, Hispanic, and Other households
- Black and Hispanic Households experience rejection for loans at twice the rate as N-H White Households
 - White households: 21.4%
 - Hispanic Households: 43%
 - Black Households: 37.3%
- BIPOC HHs are almost twice as likely to be in poverty: 17.5% vs 9.2%.
- More likely to have debt in delinquency: 49% vs 20%
- Unbanked or Underbanked households are less likely to have cash reserves and more likely to use predatory lending products, e.g. payday loans







Homeowner Retention

- Existing BIPOC households must be stabilized to ensure the homeownership does not fall
- Threats:
 - · Age of householder
 - Age of House
 - Limited Resources "Liquid Asset Poor"
- Risk Map shows hundreds of homes at risk

Population - 4786 % BIPOC - 94.6% % Own Their Homes - 39.3% Number of BIPOC Homeowners - 589

Total Homes - 1796 Homes Older than 70 years - 1105 Homeowners older than 65 years - 215

Legend

House older than 70 years

Homeowner older than 65 years

Both

Veteran Homeownership

The Veteran Administration provides large benefits to help veterans attain homeownership:

- No down payment
- No mortgage insurance (saves \$190/month on a \$250,000 house)
- Lower Interest Rates (saves \$134/month on a \$250,000 house)
- Lower credit score cutoffs

San Antonio is home to 95,000 veterans, approximately 9% of the civilian population over the age of 18.

19% of Black adults in Bexar County are veterans, the most of any ethnicity, compared to 6% of Hispanic adults and 16% of white, non-Hispanic adults.

San Antonio was the 10th highest city for VA loans in 2019, with 10,000 total loans.



Leilah Powell Executive Director LISC San Antonio

- –Planning Process
- -BIPOC Homeownership Strategies



Closing Racial & Ethnic Opportunity Gaps



- During the past three years, the median price of a single-family home in Bexar County has risen by one-third
- Our community, the majority of which identifies as Black, Indigenous, or persons of color (BIPOC), was severely impacted by job loss, underemployment, limited digital access, and other impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic
- The result is a housing crisis caused by the complex interplay of economic, social, and demographic factors, including persistent inequality



Partnering on Strategies to Build BIPOC Wealth

- 1. Equitable Housing Access: Financial and Housing Counseling Collaborative
- 2. Employer Assisted Housing
- 3. Title Clearance
- 4. Affordable Single-Family Predevelopment, Acquisition, and Construction Loan Pool
- 5. Construction, Trades, and Small Business Development
- 6. Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs)
- 7. Manufactured Housing and Mobile Home Stabilization
- 8. Nonprofit and Community Ownership Models
- 9. Advocacy and Implementation



Equitable Housing Access: Financial and Housing Counseling Collaborative

- Financial Empowerment Counseling scan, to be completed summer 2022
- Creation of Housing and Financial Counseling Collaborative
- Coordinate recruitment, training, support, especially BIPOC counselors
- Jointly create culturally appropriate housing roadmaps
- Integrate workforce development, military transition

Employer Assisted Housing

- Analyze successful elements of existing EAH programs in San Antonio, including HOPE
- Collaborate with other public and private sector employers with a moderate salary, BIPOC workforce to structure programs including:
 - Worksite counseling
 - Homebuyer education, including maintenance classes
 - Down payment assistance

Title Clearance

- Only 20% of BIPOC individuals over 55 have a will
- When a homeowner dies intestate, an heirs property dispute can tie up the family's most valuable asset for years, resulting in loss of home
- New tools and opportunities for resolving and preventing heirs property disputes
- Support and expand strong existing coalition of nonprofit organizations, City of San Antonio (COSA)



Affordable Single-Family Predevelopment, Acquisition, and Construction Loan Pool

- Very strong seller's market for both developable land and single-family homes
- Non-profit developers and low and moderate-income buyers are competing with investors who can purchase with cash
- Need affordable source of funding for less liquid BIPOC buyers:
 - Pre-qualification speeds up closing process
 - Incorporate technical assistance

Construction, Trades, and Small Business Development

- National and global issues have impacted local supply chains and labor supply
- I-35 corridor is one of the fastest growing in the country
- Support and expand trend toward incorporation of construction and skilled trades into workforce development and job training strategies
- Avenue for post-COVID BIPOC-owned small business growth

Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs)

- ADUs provide rental income for low and moderate-income homeowners, aging in place for older homeowners
- Establish prevalence, barriers
- Establish incentive program in conjunction with COSA
- Collaborate with mortgage and other lenders to develop products that allow easier financing of ADUs
- Revise Unified Development
 Code
- Outreach campaign



Manufactured Housing and Mobile Home Stabilization

- MH represents an affordable housing option but challenges with financing and stability, especially for BIPOC homeowners
- Conversion of rental parks into ownership models through nonprofit or co-op purchase, creation
- Collaborate with existing MH lenders, CDFIs to develop purchase and refi loan products
- Repair, maintenance courses

Nonprofit and Community Ownership Models

- Ownership of land, buildings is first step toward preventing displacement, building wealth
- Community Land Trusts
 (CLTs) and co-op models are
 more common in other
 parts of the country
- Non-profit or co-op contractors can reduce costs of affordable housing construction, rehab
- May include self-help component

Advocacy and Implementation

- Ongoing support in the form of coordinating partners
- Aligning existing and advocating for new programming
- Raising and investing funds
- Tracking research and best practices
- Securing and delivering technical assistance
- Measuring and promoting progress
- Communicating to partners and the general public





Building Wealth with Homeownership

Closing Racial & Ethnic Opportunity Gaps

Recognize Fair Housing Month, explore data trends in BIPOC homeownership, and discuss local plans and strategies for expanding wealth-building opportunities among San Antonians.









