

Rural Violent Crime Reduction Initiative - Rural Roundtable Peer Learning Event

March 14, 2024

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Event Logistics

- Event is being recorded
- Event survey
- Questions and Answers



Agenda

- Developing Structures for Community Engagement Presentation
- RVCRI Grantee Presentations
 - Marysville, KS Police Department
 - Greenville, MS Police Department
- Facilitated Discussion and Q&A
- Announcements





Developing Structures for Community Engagement

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Understanding Community Engagement:

Symbolic Engagement

Engagement which is designed to serve a purpose other than building relations, establishing trust, and empowering residents

Perfunctory Engagement

A modest form of engagement which engages a small fragment of the community residents to serve as representatives of the entire community

Effective or Authentic Engagement Produces:

- Strong Social Cohesion & Collective Efficacy
- Builds Community Capacity Strengthens
- Institutional Legitimacy & Trust





Authentic Community Engagement:

Consistent and persistent engagement with an entire community for the purpose of establishing a foundation of <u>partnership</u>, <u>trust</u>, and <u>empowerment</u>.

Empowerment = Capacity Building

Engagement must be viewed as the emergence of a new paradigm - no more business as usual - this should be a "transformative process"

Creating opportunities for community members to obtain ownership, power, and authority over their own collective destiny by working with neighbors as decision makers to improve their community

Partnership: Working in tandem with community members and stakeholders to accomplish joint objectives of neighborhood safety





Why Engagement is Important:

Provides an avenue for community residents to weigh in on critical community decisions

Legitimizes your work and reassures the community that you are here to serve and not exploit



Builds Equity and cerates an equal planning field for information dissemination and decision making

Creates sustainable networks which serve as the catalyst for continued relationship building



Where We Often "Miss the Mark":

Overly reliant on one-off projects or events: While PAL and NNO are great first steps to engagement, they leave out opportunities for "whole community engagement"

Lack of investment:

Historically, community engagement divisions or officer positions have been drastically under funded



Lack of Sustainability: Engagement efforts have a tendency to fizzle out if sustainability is not a priority

Not identifying the right people: Community engagement is a developed skillset and should be viewed as such



Co-Creating Effective Public Safety:

Co-learning Opportunities:
Joint learning creates an
equal playing field and
helps develop stronger
relationships between
police and residents

Community CompStat:
Using data as a tool to
engage residents, develop
long-term partnerships,
and enhance safety
outcomes



Collective Problem-Solving: Action Research opportunities allow for an equitable and democratic synthesis of community issues and the cocreation solutions

Participatory Policing: Increasing community involvement in decision making and strategy development



Standardizing Engagement:

How can you make community engagement a central part of your work as an organization...

Enshrine in policy or standards

Your policy should be a reflection of your values and morals as an organization. Is community engagement upheld and reinforced through your organizational policy

Roles and responsibilities

Assigning the work of engagement to a specific point person, but making the work central to everyone's expected contribution

Reflected as part of your mission

Ensure that community empowerment, trust building, and relationship development are reflected as part of your organizational mission





Standardizing Engagement:

Developing a communication mechanism with community partners...

Developing a feedback loop

Establish lines of communication and mechanisms for sharing information, offering feedback, and discussing community issues

Sharing information

Developing tools and processes for information dissemination: newsletters, community meetings, events/activities, social media, signage/branding

Accessing information

Conducting stakeholder interviews, focus groups, surveys





Education and Learning:

Empowerment community residents by establishing mechanisms for continual learning and educational growth...

Trainings

Identify and promote training opportunities for community residents and stakeholders on an on-going basis

Sharing knowledge

Develop a system for storing and disseminating resources and tools

Power analysis

Assist in educating community residents on local power structures and how they can engage those structures to bring about the change they want to see





Developing Leaders and Champions:

Developing a network or pipeline of community advocates who care about local issues, who implement initiatives and help shape community

Capacity building of people

Working to build the capacity of individual residents can go a long way to developing new leaders

Creating opportunities for mentorship
Linking community residents who have a
desire for deeper involvement with a resident
mentor

Uplifting and encouraging

If you identify potential, make it your mission to nurture and promote that potential





Asset Mapping:

Community asset mapping is a process of bringing community residents, partners, and stakeholders together to identify existing resources (strengths) as well as gaps (needs) within a particular community



This process involves categorizing and mapping community institutions, individuals, and associations

Institutions:

- Libraries
- Churches
- Schools
- Communitybased orgs
- Food outlets
- Public safety

Association:

- Civic groups
- Resident groups
- Neighborhood associations
- Advocacy groups

Individuals:

- Individual skills
- Community leaders
- Elders (wisdom)

Goals:

- ✓ To develop a database of assets
- ✓ To understand what resources are missing
- ✓ To identify what resources are utilized and which are not



Developing a Partnership Engagement Plan:

Assessing Partnership Needs/Issues

- Being data-driven
- Asset mapping

Identifying Focus Population

• Who do you need at the table - why?

Developing a Partnership Vision

- Goals and objectives
- What do you want to achieve?
- Desired outcomes

Defining Success

- Tracking performance
- Measurements of success

Responsibility

 Who will be tasked with oversight and responsibility?





Resources:

Chelsea HUB Model:

https://chelseapolice.com/community_services/hub.php

HEALing Communities Study:

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7568493/

DC Community Engagement Academy: https://joinmpd.dc.gov/cea

Simply Stakeholders: https://simplystakeholders.com/best-community-engagement-strategies/

Community Compstat: https://www.compstat360.org/cs360-toolkit/



Questions?



RVCRI Grantee Presentations

- Describe your agency and community.
- What prompted you to apply for RVCRI funding?
- Summarize your RVCRI program and work accomplished to date.
- Discuss any challenges are successes realized/accomplished to date.
- Outline sustainability planning.



Open Discussion

Reminder: Event Survey



What's Next?

- Community Violence Intervention & Prevention Initiative and Rural Opportunities Webinar scheduled for May 23, 2024
 - Additional details to follow
- Next Roundtable scheduled for June 20, 2024
 - Additional details to follow

